

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 1114

January Session, 2011

LCO No. 4090

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Referred to Committee on Environment

Introduced by: (ENV)

AN ACT REVISING THE DEFINITION OF TIDAL WETLANDS AND THE HIGH TIDE LINE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 22a-29 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- The following words and phrases, as used in sections 22a-28 to 22a-
- 4 35, inclusive, shall have the following meanings:
- 5 (1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental
- 6 Protection;
- 7 (2) "Wetland" means those areas which border on or lie beneath
- 8 tidal waters, such as, but not limited to, banks, bogs, salt marsh,
- 9 swamps, meadows, flats, or other low lands subject to tidal action,
- 10 including those areas now or formerly connected to tidal waters, and
- 11 [whose surface is at or below an elevation of one foot above local
- 12 extreme high water; and] upon which may grow or be capable of
- 13 growing some, but not necessarily all, of the following: Salt meadow
- 14 grass (Spartina patens), spike grass (Distichlis spicata), black grass
- 15 (Juncus gerardi), saltmarsh grass (Spartina alterniflora), saltworts

16 and Salicornia bigelovii), (Salicornia Europaea, sea lavender 17 (Limonium carolinianum), saltmarsh bulrushes (Scirpus robustus and 18 Scirpus paludosus var. atlanticus), sand spurrey (Spergularia marina), 19 switch grass (Panicum virgatum), tall cordgrass (Spartina pectinata), 20 high-tide bush (Iva frutescens var. oraria), cattails (Typha angustifolia, 21 and Typha latifolia), spike rush (Eleocharis rostellata), chairmaker's 22 rush (Scirpus americana), bent grass (Agrostis palustris), and sweet 23 grass (Hierochloe odorata), royal fern (Osmunda regalis), interrupted 24 fern (Osmunda claytoniana), cinnamon fern (Osmunda cinnamomea), 25 sensitive fern (Onoclea sensibilis), marsh fern (Dryopteris thelypteris), 26 bur-reed family (Sparganium eurycarpum, Sparganium androcladum, 27 Sparganium americanum, Sparganium chlorocarpum, Sparganium 28 angustifolium, Sparganium fluctuans, Sparganium minimum), horned 29 pondweed (Zannichellia palustris), water-plantain (Alisma triviale), 30 arrowhead (Sagittaria subulata, Sagittaria graminea, Sagittaria eatoni, 31 Sagittaria engelmanniania), wild rice (Zizania aquatica), tuckahoe 32 (Peltandra virginica), water-arum (Calla palustris), skunk cabbage 33 (Symplocarpus foetidus), sweet flag (Acorus calamus), pickerelweed 34 (Pontederia cordata), water stargrass (Heteranthera dubia), soft rush 35 (Juncus effusus), false hellebore (Veratrum viride), slender blue flag 36 (Iris prismatica pursh), blue flag (Iris versicolor), yellow iris (Iris 37 pseudacorus), lizard's tail (Saururus cernuus), speckled alder (Alnus 38 rugosa), common alder (Alnus serrulata), arrow-leaved tearthumb 39 (Polygonum sagittatum), halberd-leaved tearthumb (Polygonum 40 arifolium), spatter-dock (Nuphar variegatum nuphar advena), marsh 41 marigold (Caltha palustris), swamp rose (Rosa palustris), poison ivy 42 (Rhus radicans), poison sumac (Rhus vernix), red maple (Acer 43 rubrum), jewelweed (Impatiens capensis), marshmallow (Hibiscus 44 palustris), loosestrife (Lythrum alatum, lythrum salicaria), red osier 45 (Cornus stolonifera), red willow (Cornus amomum), silky dogwood 46 (Cornus obliqua), sweet pepper-bush (Clethra alnifolia), swamp 47 honevsuckle (Rhododendron viscosum), high-bush blueberry 48 (Vaccinium corymbosum), cranberry (Vaccinium macrocarpon), sea 49 lavender (Limonium nashii), climbing hemp-weed (Mikania scandens), 50 joe pye weed (Eupatorium purpureum), joe pye weed (Eupatorium 51 maculatum), thoroughwort (Eupatorium perfoliatum);

- 52 (3) "Regulated activity" means any of the following: Draining, 53 dredging, excavation, or removal of soil, mud, sand, gravel, aggregate 54 of any kind or rubbish from any wetland or the dumping, filling or 55 depositing thereon of any soil, stones, sand, gravel, mud, aggregate of 56 any kind, rubbish or similar material, either directly or otherwise, and 57 the erection of structures, driving of pilings, or placing of obstructions, 58 whether or not changing the tidal ebb and flow. Notwithstanding the 59 foregoing, "regulated activity" shall not include activities conducted 60 by, or under the authority of, the Department of Environmental 61 Protection for the purposes of mosquito control, conservation activities 62 of the state Department of Environmental Protection, the construction 63 or maintenance of aids to navigation which are authorized by 64 governmental authority and the emergency decrees of any duly 65 appointed health officer of a municipality acting to protect the public 66 health; and
- 67 (4) "Person" means any corporation, limited liability company, 68 association or partnership, one or more individuals, and any unit of 69 government or agency thereof.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 22a-30 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
 - (a) The commissioner or his authorized representative shall have the right to enter upon any public or private property at reasonable times to carry out the provisions of sections 22a-28 to 22a-35, inclusive. The commissioner may make an inventory of all tidal wetlands within the state. The boundaries of such wetlands shall be shown on suitable reproductions or aerial photographs to a scale of one inch equals two hundred feet with such accuracy that they will represent a class D survey. [Such lines shall generally define the areas that are at or below an elevation of one foot above local extreme high water.] Such maps shall be prepared to cover entire subdivisions of the state as

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determined by the commissioner. Upon completion of the tidal wetlands boundary maps for each subdivision, the commissioner shall hold a public hearing. The commissioner shall give notice of such hearing to each owner of record of all lands designated as such wetland as shown on such maps by certified mail, return receipt requested, not less than thirty days prior to the date set for such hearing. The commissioner shall also cause notice of such hearing to be published at least once not more than thirty days and not fewer than ten days before the date set for such hearing in a newspaper or newspapers having a general circulation in the town or towns where such wetlands are located. After considering the testimony given at such hearing and any other facts which may be deemed pertinent and after considering the rights of affected property owners and the purposes of sections 22a-28 to 22a-35, inclusive, the commissioner shall establish by order the bounds of each of such wetlands. A copy of the order, together with a copy of the map depicting such boundary lines, shall be filed in the town clerk's office of all towns affected. The commissioner shall give notice of such order to each owner of record of all lands designated as such wetlands by mailing a copy of such order to such owner by certified mail, return receipt requested. The commissioner shall also cause a copy of such order to be published in a newspaper or newspapers having a general circulation in the town or towns where such wetlands are located. Any person aggrieved by such order may appeal therefrom in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183, except venue for such appeal shall be in the judicial district of New Britain.

- Sec. 3. Subsection (c) of section 22a-359 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2011):
- (c) As used in this section and sections 22a-360 to [22a-363] 22a-363b, inclusive, "high tide line" means [a line or mark left upon tide flats, beaches, or along shore objects that indicates the intersection of the land with the water's surface at the maximum height reached by a rising tide. The mark may be determined by (1) a line of oil or scum

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117 along shore objects, (2) a more or less continuous deposit of fine shell 118 or debris on the foreshore or berm, (3) physical markings or 119 characteristics, vegetation lines, tidal gauge, or (4) by any other 120 suitable means delineating the general height reached by a rising tide. 121 The term includes spring high tides and other high tides that occur 122 with periodic frequency but does not include storm surges in which 123 there is a departure from the normal or predicted reach of the tide due 124 to the piling up of water against a coast by strong winds such as those 125 accompanying a hurricane or other intense storm] the elevation of the 126 Mean Higher High Water for the period between 1983 and 2001, as 127 contained in the 2001 tidal epoch approved by the National Oceanic 128 and Atmospheric Administration.

| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections: | | |
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| Section 1 | October 1, 2011 | 22a-29 |
| Sec. 2 | October 1, 2011 | 22a-30(a) |
| Sec. 3 | October 1, 2011 | 22a-359(c) |

ENV Joint Favorable

APP Joint Favorable